

GERMANS FLEE BEFORE FORCES OF SAKHAROFF

Russians Force Passage Beyond Berestechk and Take 12,000 Men.

SLAVS HOLD FIRMLY RIGHT BANK OF LIPA

Battle in Preparation Near Kovel; Allies Have Tens of Thousands at Bay.

LONDON, July 22 (11 p. m.)—The entente allied offensive which swings between the western and eastern fronts with almost clock-like regularity and in a manner almost completely to prevent the central powers from making any considerable transfers of troops from front to front now is centered on the Russian front. The forces under General Sakharoff have taken the offensive energetically and their victory in the salient formed by the junction of the Lipa and Sty rivers, southwest of Lutsk, today appears to be much more important than either the official claims from Petrograd or the Austro-German admissions of yesterday indicated.

Forces on Lipa Bank.

By his success in driving the Austro-Germans from the Sty-Lipa salient, General Sakharoff has established his forces firmly on the right bank of the Lipa up to about twenty kilometers (about thirteen miles) along its confluence with the Sty.

Meanwhile General Kuropatkin is still pressing forward against the forces of Field Marshal von Hindenburg on the Dvina front south of Riga and north of Smorgon. According to military critics in Petrograd a battle is in preparation in the neighborhood of Kovel, the objective of the Russian drive across the Stokod which will prove one of the most important conflicts of the whole war.

No striking news was received from the western front today except reports of heavy artillery actions by both sides.

The British press gives great prominence to statements published in the French press and credited to General Joffre and Sir Douglas Haig, British commander. The former is reported as saying the entente allies now have the whip hand over the central powers, while General Haig said the supreme decision of the war must be made on the western front.

NO WITHDRAWAL IS PERMITTED BY LAW

Joe Kenton Explains Position of Election Board Regarding Ballot.

That the laws of Oklahoma make no provision regarding the withdrawal of candidates for county offices was the statement yesterday of Joe W. Kenton, secretary of the county election board.

"We are supposed to go ahead with the printing of ballots as soon as the filings are closed," said Mr. Kenton. "Occasionally we do permit a candidate to withdraw after he is filed, but it is only a matter of courtesy. We have done this recently for both Democratic and Republican candidates and there is nothing suspicious at all about our having the ballots printed when we did. There is no law in existence which states that a man may withdraw from the race within ten days of the election. If a candidate wants to withdraw after the ballots are printed we usually give him that privilege, providing he pays for the cost of changing the ballots."

60,000 STRIKERS RETURN TO WORK

Garment Workers Give Up Fight After Three Months' Agreement Reached.

NEW YORK, July 22.—Sixty thousand garment workers who had been locked out on strike for more than three months will return to work next week if an agreement reached today by representatives of the employers and the union is ratified by a referendum vote of the workers which probably will be taken tomorrow.

Announcement to this effect was made by Louis Levy, attorney for the manufacturers. The union, according to Levy, gained its principal demands in modified form. They include a wage increase of 5 per cent. A 49-hour week, the preferential employment of union over nonunion workers, a minimum piece work wage and improved working conditions.

SWEDEN SENDS BERLIN PROTEST

Declares Seizure of British Steamer Off Coast Was Illegal on Its Face.

STOCKHOLM, July 22.—Because of frequent infringement of her neutrality by German and Russian cruisers and in the endeavor to protect her own and other shipping where seizure is illegal, Sweden has made an official protest to Berlin against the capture of the British steamship Adams, 2,233 tons, of Newcastle by a German destroyer.

The Adams was at anchor off Alen, close to shore, yesterday when the destroyer appeared. Her captain refused to steam east from shore until the German threatened to sink her. Recently Sweden protested to the Russian government against the capture of the German steamship Worms, alleging that it was taken in Swedish waters.

The Belgian steamer Ambiorix, captured by the Germans last August, has been released by the supreme prize court in Berlin, which has confirmed the Swedish protest that she was taken in Swedish waters.

Good Samaritan.
Special to The World.

OKLAHOMA CITY, July 22.—County demonstration farm agents are considered useful in more ways than for what they are employed. Recently H. E. Wilson, county agent in Payne county, was called to a neighbor's house at 5 o'clock in the morning. During the night a young horse, valued at \$500, had fallen in a well. Its head was just above water. Block and tackle were quickly secured and the animal rescued unharmed. That same day Mr. Wilson was called to another neighbor's when an automobile ran over a calf, breaking its leg. Mr. Wilson was holding a farmer's institute the same night when the meeting was almost broken up by an automobile running over a farmer's dog.

FOUR KILLED WHEN A BOMB EXPLODES

Frisco Plotters Wreak Vengeance During Preparedness Exhibit

INJURED NEAR 44

Man Arrested, Denies Guilt; Threatening Letters Had Been Received.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 22.—At least four persons were killed and 44 or more were injured by the explosion here today of a timed bomb in the midst of a strong viewing a preparedness parade.

The police arrested Frank Josephson, a lodger in a sailors' boarding house, who cried, "I didn't do it; I didn't do it," and trembled violently when he was being searched at the station house. The police said he had not been accused of anything.

Charles M. Flicker, district attorney, issued a statement attributing the deed to a mind unbalanced by arguments for and against preparedness which have occupied attention here. The parade was not interrupted.

The dead are: JAMES H. KNAPP, Alameda, Cal.; DR. GEORGE PAINTER, Berkeley, Cal.; O. H. LAMBORN, printer, Alameda, Cal.; GEORGE LAWLER, MHI Valley, Cal.

Blasted Men and Women.
The explosion occurred at Steuart and Market streets, two blocks from the Ferry building on San Francisco's main thoroughfare. The bomb, concealed in a suitcase packed with cartridges, bullets, gas pipe, glass and scrap iron, blew a gap through the

CONTINUED ON PAGE SEVEN

TWO WORKMEN BURIED ALIVE IN EARTH SLIDE

E. D. Pollard and W. E. Pinion Met Death at Third Street Viaduct.

MEN WERE ENGAGED IN REPAIRING MAIN

More Than 50 Tons of Earth Fall Upon Men; Bodies Found in 4 Hours.

FOUR hours after fifty tons of earth, paving and crumbled concrete had caved in upon E. D. Pollard and W. E. Pinion, members of a pipe laying gang employed at the west approach of the Third street viaduct, volunteers reached the lifeless bodies and through a lane of thousands of morbidly curious spectators who rushed to the weakened sides of the crevice, carried the white covered baskets to the death wagons that had stood for hours waiting to receive the victims.

The accident which caused the death of the two men and the injuries to several others employed in the work occurred about 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon while a crew of 15 men, under the directions of Howard Price, were engaged in excavating to lay a 14-inch water main beneath the grade of the new San Spruins railway. A few moments later the slide came. It broke beyond the place where I had noticed the fault and the whole side of the ditch seemed to leap outward under the pressure of the load above.

Brother Was Below.
"E. D. was right below the center of the slide and he was buried beneath three feet of earth."

"Immediately the men on top threw ropes about the sliding and called it from falling on us and those who were not buried began digging for my brother and Pollard."

"We uncovered the face of one of the men and heard a faint cry for help, begging us to hurry when the second slide came," said Pinion. "It was worse than the first one and I was hurled down by the loose earth which was thrown into the ditch, burying me to my waist."

No Chance After Second.
"It was the second slide that destroyed all chances of saving the men. We would have saved the boys but for the second slide. The fellows who were in the other end of the ditch ran to where I was pinned and soon had me out, but we could not

CONTINUED ON PAGE TEN

HOLD FIRST FREE BAND CONCERT AT OWEN PARK

PROFESSOR PROTHORP'S BAND WILL ENTERTAIN THIS AFTERNOON AS BEGINNING.

Musical Treats Result of Arrangements Made by Park Board of the City.

For the first time in the history of the city Tulsa folk will enjoy a municipal entertainment this afternoon when the Tulsa band, under the leadership of J. Prothro, will begin a series of Sunday afternoon concerts at Owen park.

The band will be heard at Central park each Wednesday evening and at Locust Grove park on Friday evenings.

The concert this afternoon will be given at the new stand in Owen park, which has been erected for the purpose. The music will begin at 3 o'clock and will continue with but one intermission until 6 o'clock. The program will be varied, so as to suit the tastes of the most exacting.

The Tulsa band, which has been engaged to provide the program, is composed mainly of the members of the Alder Shrine band, which recently concluded its musical success at the annual Shrine convocation at Buffalo, N. Y. J. Prothro, who led the Shrine aggregation, is at the head of the Tulsa band and will have a majority of his members behind him when the first chord is struck.

The concert will be given at the various parks each week during the summer months, as a result of arrangements made by the park board of the city. It is probable that stands with special bleachers will be erected as soon as the popularity of the evenings is proved.

MILLIONS CUT OUT OF ARMY MEASURE

Appropriations Provided During Mexican Rumpus Are Killed

PROTESTS ARE MADE

Declare That Troop Mobilization Was Glorious Success

WASHINGTON, July 22.—Millions of dollars in appropriations provided in the army bill in anticipation of a Mexican campaign were voted out of the measure today in the senate on recommendations of the military committee and Chairman Chamberlain's declaration that there now seemed little likelihood of a conflict and that the possibility of the national guard crossing the border seemed remote.

More than \$35,000,000 provided for foreign service pay, maintenance, transportation and other expenses were dropped out of the \$109,000,000 bill and it was said that more reductions might be made.

The reductions were not made without protest. Senator Lee of Maryland asserted danger of a conflict with Mexico was not passed, that it was unwise to reduce preparations for one and that it was deplorable to intimate to Mexico by the senate's action that the United States had no serious intention of armed action. The senate approved all the committee's recommendations despite his argument.

Senators in Tilt.
Chairman Chamberlain and Senator Lee had a tilt over the number of guardsmen on the border. Mr. Lee contended that evidence that 91,000 state troops already were there and that 25,000 more were mobilized throughout the states. Chairman Chamberlain declared Senator Lee's figures were inflated and that the war department's figures on the ground that they were a military secret.

Senator Wadsworth declared that nearly all the delay in getting state troops to the border was due to failure to get equipment from the Philadelphia arsenal and he recommended that each state store its own equipment. Despite some criticism, a mobilization of the guardsmen, Senator Wadsworth declared, was "a glorious success," and he doubted if any army in the world ever had been transported so long a distance with such good accommodations for the troops.

Reduction Order.
Special to The World.

OKLAHOMA CITY, July 22.—Reduction of from 20 to 25 per cent for service by the Mangum Gas & Electric Co. is ordered by the corporation commission, which was made today. Several months ago G. F. Border, mayor of Mangum filed complaint with the commission complaining that the electric and gas company was charging

TO WATER USERS.
Due to a bursted water main between the pump station and Tulsa, the municipal supply is greatly curtailed. It is the wish of the waterworks department that every precaution is taken to conserve the supply as much as possible today, during which time it is hoped the break in the main may be repaired.

It will assist the department if users of water refrain from sprinkling, washing automobiles and other practices which draw heavily upon the supply.

C. S. YOUNGMAN, Commissioner.

CARRANZISTAS ROUT VILLA IN RUNNING FIGHT

More Than 200 Followers of Bandid Leader Slain South of Parral.

POWER OF OUTLAW BROKEN IN MEXICO

Leader Himself Now Hard Pressed and Capture Is Near.

CHIHUAHUA CITY, Mexico, July 22.—Details of an all-day running engagement near Hacienda El Florida, almost directly south of Parral, between the Carranzistas and the Villistas, were received here today. General Jacinto Trevino, commanding the army of the northeast, announced that the Carranzistas had broken the power of the Villistas in Mexico and that it is only a matter of a few days until Villa himself is captured or killed.

The reports said that only the better mounts of the Villistas allowed their leader to escape.

The dispatches, which were sent from Rosario by General Ismael Larnes for General Matias Ramos, commanding the government forces in Chihuahua, and were relayed here from Jiminez by General Domingo Arrieta, said that in the engagement which took place last Saturday approximately two hundred Villistas were killed. Carranzistas were not given definitely. They stated that Villa was driven first to seek refuge on the San Isidro ranch and being dislodged there was pursued then fifty miles into the state of Durango. It was pointed out that a result of the engagement was to prevent the bandits reaching their objective in the Sierras and in keeping them in the company of the open country of the lower Texas river.

Began in Morning.
The battle was begun early in the morning, the attack being made in four columns, directed by General Ramos on the center and left by General Torres at Poma, Iol Calvo, half way between Torreón and Saltillo, while General Laveaga telegraphed from Tepic, Chihuahua, that he had beaten off a small force near that town.

General Santos said that he had surprised the band of more than a hundred near a waterhole and had killed six and captured three, who were suffered to casualties, but seized all the arms and saddle horses of the bandits, who carried away 14 wounded.

The dispatch continued that the Carranzistas were in pursuit of the fleeing outlaws, the first to be seen in the district for about two months.

The band engaged by General Laveaga was a small detachment which had separated from the main command. The bandits refused battle, according to dispatches, and retired under fire toward the hills as the government troops advanced.

Additional advices to the commander-in-chief said that a Japanese physician who had treated Villa in the state of Tamaulipas, south of the Rio Grande, recently reported that Villa is still badly crippled and requires an operation, but before this could be done he must have two weeks of absolute rest and that even then complete recovery cannot be assured.

Upon receipt of this report General Trevino announced that he expected dispatches at any time telling of the defeat of the bandid chief and his followers, who are surrounded by the forces of Generals Matias Ramos and Francisco Garcia.

"He will not get two hours' rest, much less two weeks, if we can help it," he said.

All reports here agree that the main Villista band, along with Carranzistas, is now suffering greatly from lack of food and a shortage of ammunition.

Ench Black Brute.
BALEIGH, N. C., July 21.—Will Black, a 16-year-old negro, whose capital offense against a six-year-old white child in Greene county last week resulted in the lynching of his father, was electrocuted today in the penitentiary here.

Continued on Page Ten

MAY HAVE SLAYER OF ALABAMA JURIST

Man Arrested in Longview, Texas, Charged With Killing Judge Hollis.

LONGVIEW, Texas, July 22.—A man giving his name as Smith Taylor, who has been in Longview since July 2, was taken into custody today by J. A. Garth, a member of the Alabama state secret service, and will be taken back to Centerville, Ala., to answer charges. Mr. Garth said, in connection with the killing of Judge Hollis of that place a few weeks ago. The body of Judge Hollis was then found on a railroad track, in said, and thrown into a pond, where it later was found.

The detective said that the judge disappeared after he had been elected and that later the county sheriff and prosecuting attorney both killed themselves as a result of subsequent developments.

Taylor, it was stated, will return to Alabama without the formality of requisition.

W. C. REEVES IS A VISITOR IN TULSA

Former Assistant Attorney-General of Oklahoma Returns to State.

Hon. W. C. Reeves, former assistant attorney-general of Oklahoma, at present special counsel for the federal land commission at Washington, D. C., arrived in Tulsa yesterday morning.

Mr. Reeves is well known to the legal fraternity throughout the state and has many warm personal friends in Tulsa who will be glad to see him during his visit here. Mr. Reeves will be the guest of his old friend and schoolmate, J. A. Milligan, 302 South Main street.

SAN BENITO HOST OF OKLAHOMA BOYS

First Regiment Arrives at Destination After Long Trip

First Services Today

Tulsa Boy Gets Left at Houston During Stop Over There

Special to The World.

SAN BENITO, Texas, July 22.—The boys of the First Oklahoma regiment slept on the border stars tonight and tomorrow morning under a rude shelter in their own parade grounds they will gather for the first Sunday service on foreign soil.

We arrived here early this morning and all day long every man in the regiment has been busily engaged in erecting tents and fitting out the camp for the first day of rest. Monday permanent arrangements will be made.

At Kingsville they promised us free baths and we stopped for an hour, they had no water for bathing purposes and not enough what brought us to go around. Then we were delayed on the way here so that we didn't know what San Benito is like until 4 o'clock this morning. It stood open the camp listening to Captain Berry sleep. A Mexican told me that we had reached San Benito and Captain Lee and I walked a mile to the station. It is the prettiest town in the Rio Grande valley, the prize station of them all.

The First Louisiana came rolling in with Col. Moore Stubbs at its head. The Texas militia men were prepared to leave but we proceeded with our investigation. This is a wet town speaking from a prohibition standpoint, but it is a fine town, beautiful in many ways. The Mexicans are in the majority.

Considerably Outnumbered.
Through the Rio Grande valley and between here and San Antonio the Mexicans outnumber us five to one, but they say they are friendly. They had a meeting here with three hundred Mexicans filling the hall, they declared unanimously in favor of protecting San Benito with force and to march into Mexico for Uncle Sam if there is intervention. There are many regular army officers and soldiers here. The Twenty-fourth infantry, having become as well known as the old residents.

Major Shaw, who directs the inspection, then being an inspector for each body of soldiers and the major having command of them all, has done much to contribute to the pleasure of the Louisiana and the Oklahoma troops. General Plummer, who was to have the command of brigade

Continued on Page Ten

BLACKLIST PLAN AIMED TO HURT BRITON ENEMY

England's War Move to Prohibit Firms Strengthening Germany

FORBIDDEN FIRMS FOR CENTRAL POWERS

System Is Purely Domestic Legislation, Says English Official.

LONDON, July 22.—(6:10 p. m.)—In reply to a number of criticisms which the publication of a list of 37 American individuals and firms with which English firms are forbidden to do business under the trading with the enemy act has met in America and here, Laming Worthington Evans, chief of the department of foreign trade of the foreign office made the following statement to the Associated Press today:

"The statutory list has been compiled from one point of view only, namely, to prohibit British citizens from supporting firms which are strengthening our enemies. The list applied before putting a firm domiciled in America on the statutory list is this: Is this firm by its business operations strengthening our enemies? If so, then British firms may not support it."

"It is one of the principal lessons of the world war that the strength of a belligerent does not consist only in the resources and supplies available in its own territories, but also in those which it can draw from neutral countries. As a result of the semi-military organization which the German government has imposed on its commerce, every German firm throughout the world is an outpost, seeking to do its utmost to assist Germany in her effort to dominate Europe, and the fact that they are established in neutral countries in many cases makes them formidable."

Must Frustrate Plans.
"Can it then be said fairly that when the British government is fully aware of these activities it should do nothing to frustrate them? Can it be claimed fairly that British citizens should be allowed to assist Germany in her effort to dominate Europe, and the fact that they are established in neutral countries in many cases makes them formidable."

Objection has been taken to the unpleasant publicity of the list, but without such publicity far more damage would be likely to result to trade. Before the adoption of the statutory blacklist there was an unofficial blacklist in existence. The right of a government to impose such prohibition on its own nationals is hardly open to dispute.

Complaint is made that the statutory list is unnecessary because the same results might have been obtained by law. But if so done, it would have affected the rights of the firms in the United States which now figure in the statutory list, but also others—probably all these of German names—whether they deserved it or not, because British traders, in whom alone our prohibition is addressed, would not have known the names of the prohibited firms and might out of caution have ceased dealing with a much larger number.

"It has been said that it was a blunder to publish the list when a French ban was under way. Clearly it would be a blunder to include the friends of our French allies. It is suggested that this blunder has been committed."

It is indeed only those who have shown themselves to be the enemies of acting for enemies who are included. So we need not fear that the support of our French allies will be prejudiced in these quarters.

All the facts are carefully weighed before the decision was arrived at and I have no doubt that there is not a name on the list which is not there on evidence which fully justified its inclusion."

Mr. Evans denied that a sub rosa blacklist list now exists, the only basis for such a charge, he said, being the fact that certain firms are under suspicion and British traders therefore have been warned to be careful in dealing with them. Mr. Evans also pointed out that there are hardly more than thirty entries in the American list, one-tenth of the list being occupied by the Knauth Nacod & Kahne Co., as including the directors, they appear eight times. Zimmerman & Forsyth appear six times. Muller, Schall & Co. five times. MacLaren & Gentles four times, while other firms appear two or more times.

Democrats Confer.
WASHINGTON, July 22.—Vance McCormick, chairman of the Democratic national committee, conferred with President Wilson, senators and representatives and other Democratic leaders here on the Democratic campaign and details of the plans for re-electing a Democratic senate and house. The first definite work of this kind will be done at Major McCormick's headquarters. The Democrats will put forth their best efforts.

SCENE OF YESTERDAY'S FATAL ACCIDENT.

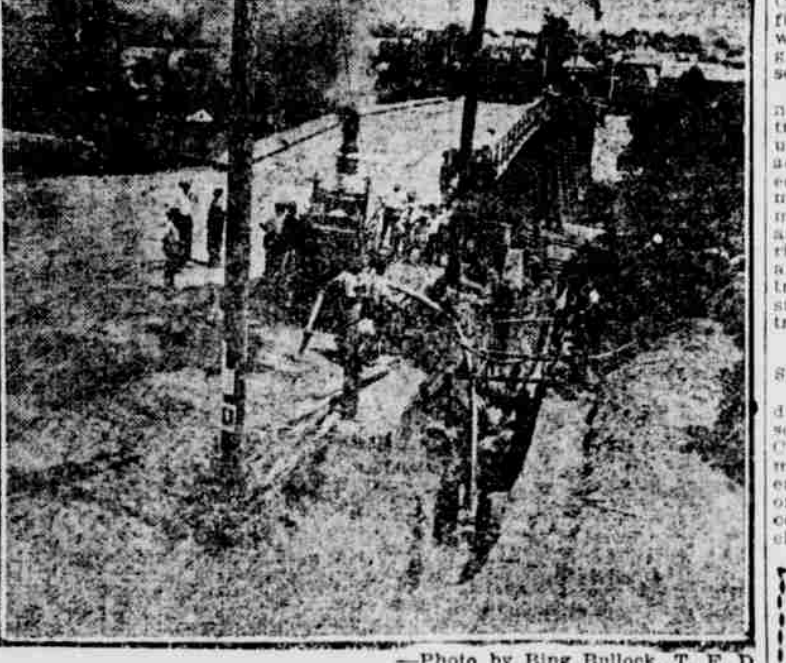


Photo by Bing Bullock, T. F. D.

The above picture, made a few minutes before the cave-in at the Third street viaduct that cost the lives of two laborers, shows clearly the cause of the accident. The ditch was about 17 feet deep. Water trickled constantly from the broken end of the 14-inch main. To get the water out of the ditch a big fire department steamer was hooked up. As can be seen, it rested close to the curbing. The constant vibration of the engine gradually loosened the dirt under the pavement, and suddenly the dirt and curbing gave way. Several men were caught in the debris. Most of them extricated themselves. Two were almost out when a second cave-in occurred, burying them seven feet under the earth. It required four hours of hard work to remove the heavy engine, the big pieces of concrete and the dirt before the bodies of the buried men could be recovered. The picture shows conclusively that steps had been taken to place cribbing in the ditch. Supports had been placed at exactly the point where the cave-in occurred. This disproves the many rumors to the contrary that were heard yesterday afternoon.

Milk and Ice Fund for Babies

The Missionary society of the Boston Avenue M. E. church, which enjoys the distinction of having made the contribution that started this fund, are not content with their original contribution of \$40, for yesterday they handed to Humane Aid an additional \$35.50. This will go a long way toward completing the \$500 fund that is needed to provide free milk and ice for every needy poor family in the city during the balance of the summer. It is hoped to reach the \$500 mark by Monday evening. If you have not sent in your milk, please do so today. Mail it to the Milk and Ice Fund, in care of The World. Let's finish this work up in Tulsa style and rest contented in the thought that comfort has been brought to hundreds of women and children.

Previously reported	\$40.50
Missionary Society, Boston Avenue M. E. Church	35.50
Charles T. Abbott	10.00
Mrs. Beulah Conner	3.00
Total to date	\$125.00